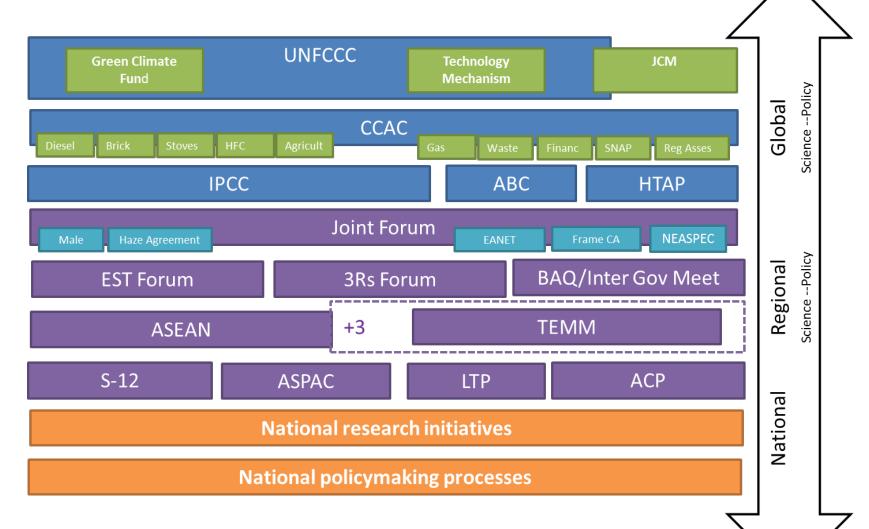
Activities on Co-benefits at IGES:

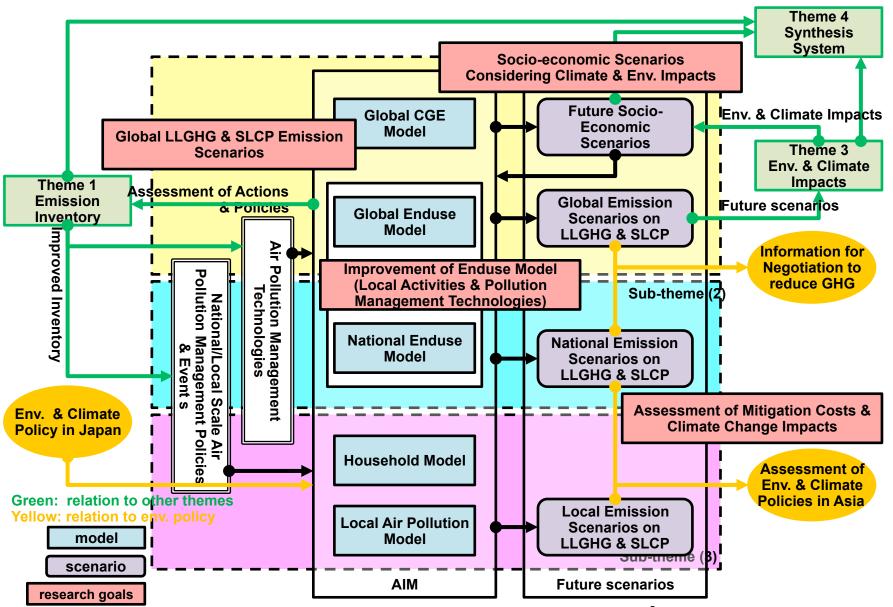
Bringing in the Beneficiaries



Many initiatives address air climate co-benefits

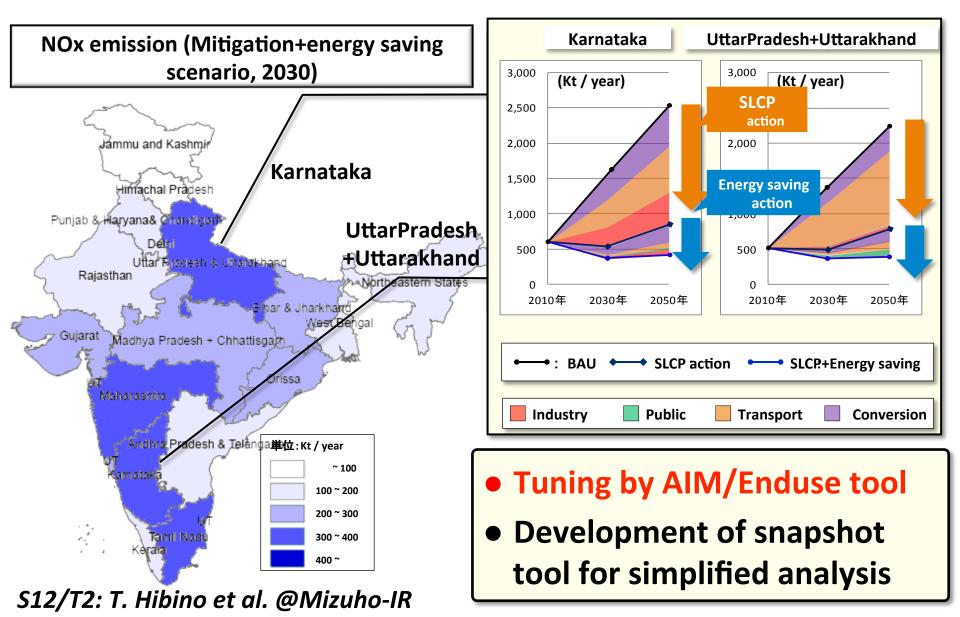


SLCP to Asia-Pacific Integrated Model (AIM)



S12/T2: T. Masui @ NIES

Development of emission scenario with AIM Regional NOx emission in India



The Asian Co-benefits Partnership

www.cobenefit.org

- A platform to improve information sharing and stakeholder dialogue on co-benefits in Asia.
- Goal: to support the <u>mainstreaming of co-</u> <u>benefits into decision-</u> <u>making processes</u> in Asia.
- Partners: ADB, CAI-Asia, ESCAP, UNU, UNEP, PRCEE (China), MOEI (Indonesia), and MONRE(Thailand)



region, and identify priority policy options for action at the regional and national levels.

APCAP

A regional partnership for promoting coherence among science and policy on air pollution in Asia

Guidance Framework for Better Air Quality in Asian Cities

Objective

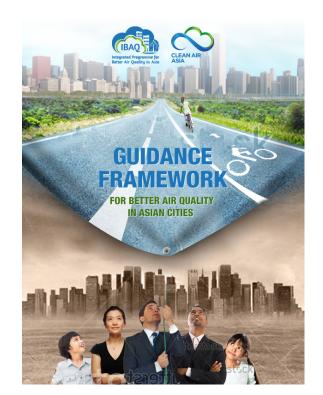
- Aims to provide a recognized guidance to implement the Long-Term Vision for Urban Air Quality in Asia
- Voluntary and non-binding guidance

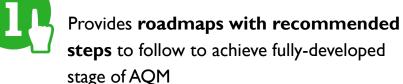
Scope

- Covers priority areas of concern in AQM:
 - Ambient air quality standards and monitoring
 - Emissions inventories and modeling
 - Health and other impacts
 - Air quality communication
 - Clean air action plans
 - Governance

Target audience

- Primary target audience: policy and decision makers at the national and local levels responsible for improving urban AQ
- Also provides information and recommendations to other relevant stakeholders in AOM





 Provides case studies and resources as practical guides



5	Country	Author/Date	Effect
	Cote d'Ivoire	Hoddinott & Haddad, 1995	Proportion of food expenditures grows when wife's proportion of income grows
	Canada	Phipps & Burton, 1998	Share of wives' income affects children's care, clothing, and nutrition
	Kenya and Malawi	Kennedy & Peters, 1992	Female headed households spend greater proportion of budget on food
	Bangladesh	Pitt & Khandker, 1998	Micro-credit provided to women increases children schooling
	Brazil	Thomas, 1990	Mothers' non-wage income tends to be spent on good/ services with larger nutrition and health benefits

Source: Doepke & Tertilt, 2011

